

Practices of displacement and dispossession by global corporate landlords





**DISPLACEMENT**FUNDAMENTAL MECHANISM
OF CONTEMPORARY URBAN RESTRUCTURING



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### **Understanding displacement as...**

- (i) Material/economic process
- (ii) Political process
- (iii) Symbolic process
- (iv) Psychological process



## Dispossession / Accumulation by dispossession

#### Primitive accumulation

- legal credentials for property ownership
- enclosures of the commons
- commodification of labour, labour surplus

#### Accumulation by dispossession

- Permanent process of capitalist expansion
- Codes of conduct & spatial appropriation of working classes
- Appropriation of material resources and symbolic values of desired places and spaces
- Evict people in physical and symbolical terms from specific areas of the city
- Financialisation, privatisation of public goods, crisis management through redistribution
- Creation and release of value from and through space





TRACING FINANCIALISATION IN SPAIN



## TRACING FINANCIALISATION IN SPAIN

| Monetary policy & reorganisation of assets         | - FROB, government spends 14.5 billion € to recapitalise and merge regional banks (2010-2012)   |
|--|---|
|  | - FROB, government receives 39 billion € from the financial rescue deal with the EU and other institutions, nationalisation of regional banks (2012)  |
|  | - SAREB, asset management company, created to manage distressed assets from four nationalised regional banks; 45 % participation of the State and 55 % private capital  |
| Public policy for                                  | - Only cosmetic legislative changes without any effective relief  |
| foreclosure relief                                 | - Foreclosure is a centrepiece of collective action. Strong social movements (especially PAH, Platform for People Affected by Mortgages) negotiate and pressure banks directly for debt and foreclosure relief. |
| Deleverage strategies & re-privatisation of assets | - Rental agreements of assets by SAREB through FAB (special funds that accumulate different asset groups and attract institutional investors)   |
| re privatisation of assets                         | - Deleverage of assets by SAREB to institutional investors, asset value of 1.1 billion € in 2014-15, principally for rent   |
|  | - Deleverage of assets from banks (2.1 billion € in 2014-15)  |
|  | - REITs (SOCIMI) of >1.5 billion €, principally for rent  |
| Key institutional investors                        | - Blackstone, Quantum Strategic Partners, Paulson & Co, Goldman Sachs, Cerberus, TPG, Apollo, Hayfin, HIG Capital, Fortress, Castlelake, Magic Real, Apollo   |



### TRACING FINANCIALISATION IN SPAIN

 SAREB (asset management company); conversion of indebted homes into new assets for sale or rent (2012)

3 newly established financial entities to ease transactions with international investors:

- Real estate management companies, which gather capital from international hedge and pension funds, banks and other investors that are interested to acquire, manage and sale parts of the stock;
- Servicers, which are constituted as ventures of bank subsidiaries with hedge funds, chiefly focusing on the usufruct of the assets; and
- Real estate investment trusts (REITs, in Spanish SOCIMIs) that return housing stock to the market for rent or lease.



#### 2012/13

- Municipality of Madrid and regional government sell approx. 1/3 of the social housing stock to private investors, official argument: "the crisis" (need of capital)

#### Two main investors in buying up this stock

- Municipality: FIDERE (BLACKSTONE)
- Regional government: AZORA (Hispania, now purchased through capital from George Soros, moore capital, apg, cohen & stears)



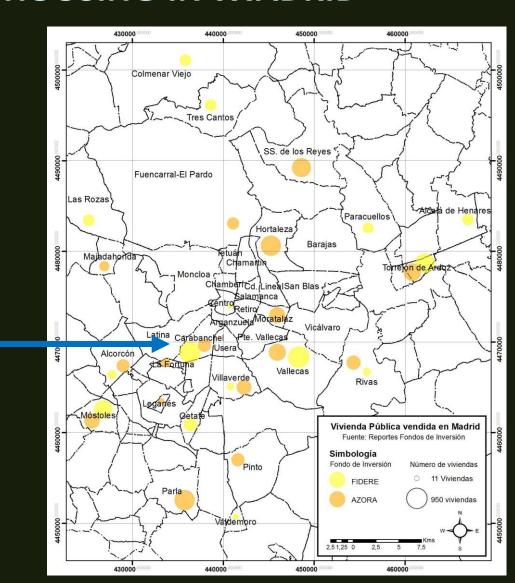
Location of the sold housing stock

Yellow dots: FIDERE (BLACKSTONE)

Orange dots: AZORA

Reported irregularities

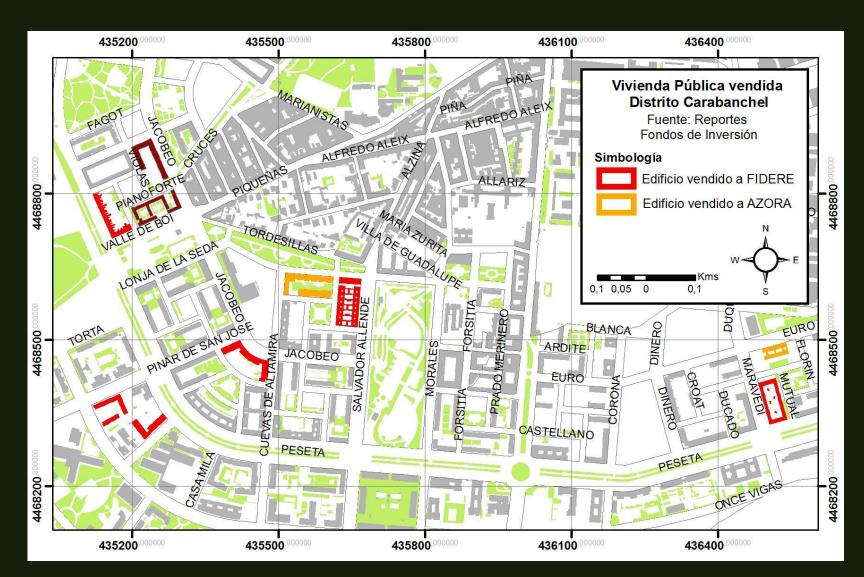
- Contract specifications
- Prices far below market price
- Nepotism
- Legal investigations





#### Carabanchel

- Working class neighbourhood
- Expansion during the 2000s (PAU)
- 1,100 housing units sold to Fidere y Azora
- Modification of contracts
- New costs
- Higher rents
- Evictions
- Contestation





#### **CONSEQUENCES**

- 1. "Atomization" individualised strategies of corporate landlords to tenants
- 2. "Selective eviction" most vulnerable households and those who provoke overt contestation
- 3. "Indirect eviction" abandonment of buildings, lack of maintenance, broken tiles and windows + rent increases above market price i.e. spatial construction of social abandonment, acancy rates between 40 and 60 % of the stock Residents prefer to look for a better maintained house on the market
- 4. "Outsourcing" of the social costs evicted households claim again for social housing



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